A licensee of I Division, Bangalore, City, was fined Rs. 100 for making certain excess issues on ration cards and bogus entries in the account books, besides levy of penal rate for the quantities misappropriated.

A licensee of VII Division of Bangalore City was fined Rs. 10 for making excess issues.

A licensee of II Division, Civil Area, was fined Rs. 25 for issuing short measurements in rations to some card-holders.

II. MYSORE CITY.

Six Depot Licensees were fined varying amounts for issuing cheques towards cost of commodities supplied to them, without having sufficient funds at their credit in the Bank.

(P. N. No. 296—5-2-1952)

7305

Press Note.

ANTI-CORRUPTION WORK FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1951.

Sri P. Ramaraju, Camp Supervisor, General and Revenue Secretariat, Bangalore, who was found guilty of cheating, criminal breach of trust, fabrication of false accounts and receiving illegal gratification, was compulsorily retired from service.

Sri B. Govindappa, Depot Clerk, was dismissed as he was found guilty of misappropriation of huge stocks of foodgrains and of other corrupt activities.

Janab Syed Mustafa, Inspector of Police, who was found guilty of charges of cheating and misappropriation of Government money, was demoted as Sub-Inspector of Police and also ordered to reimburse to Government a sum of Rs. 528-9-0.

Janab C. S. Noorulla, Sub-Registrar, on proof of charges of receiving illegal gratification, was reduced from Rs. 102 to Rs. 90 per mensem. Sri T. N. Aswathia, Sub-Registrar, on a similar charge of receiving illegal gratification was reverted as a I Division Clerk on Rs. 60 per mensem.

Sriyuts K. G. Ramaswamiah, Sub-Registrar, was warned and H. Rangachar, Clerk of the Mysore Sub-Registry Office, was fined Rs. 5 and they were also transferred out of the District.

Sriyuts Mallappa, Head Master of Government Middle School, Gadihalli, Tarikere Taluk, was demoted as an Assistant Master for a period of one year, on a charge of making false attestation of disbursement of scholarship amount and N. M. Sidde Gowda, Assistant Master was administered a warning in the same connection.

Sri Honna Naika, Clerk, Sales-tax Office, who was found guilty of corrupt practices, was transferred to the unit of the Deputy Commissioner with a severe warning that any repetition of an act of corruption on his part in future, would entail his dismissal from service.

Sri H. Basavaiah, Revenue Inspector, who was found to have interested himself in village party squabbles, was, after necessary enquiries, transferred out of the Sub-Division with a warning that he should not take part in village party squabbles.

After necessary confidential enquiries, a trap was laid to verify the information that the Radiographer of Bowring Hospital was collecting moneys from patients for issuing radiographs and was misappropriating the same without crediting to the Treasury. The amount thus exacted by him and his attender, although the patient was treated as poor and no fees was charged as seen from the concerned Register, was recovered in the presence of the Medical Officer of the Bowring Hospital.

A surprise check was conducted of the stock of the foodgrains and gunnies of the Sri Venugopalaswamy Godown, Bangalore, and shortages noticed. Further action is being taken.

Charges have been framed against one Assistant Engineer, one Assistant Surgeon, one Sub-Inspector of Police, one Police Duffedar, one Police Constable, one Controller of Central Electrical Stores, two Personal Assistants and one Accountant of Medical Department, one Head Master of a Middle School and one Patel.

After completion of regular enquiry, final reports are submitted to Government against one Assistant Commissioner, two Amildars, two Assistant Engineers, three Sub-Overseers, one Executive Engineer of Electrical Department, one Clerk of Public Works Department, three Revenue Inspectors, five Shanbhogues, one Patel, one Clerk of Taluk Office, One Depot Clerk, one Supervisor of R.R.D. Section, Revenue Survey Office, one Assistant Surgeon, II Class, one Police Duffedar, one Sub-Registrar, one District Weaving Supervisor, one Agricultural Inspector and five Fieldmen.

In as many as 85 other cases enquired into, during the quarter, allegations were found to be either false or incapable of proof.

(P. N. No. 297—5-2-1952.)

7305

Press Note.

Attention of persons, elected to a House of Parliament or a House of the Legislature of the State, is invited to the provisions of law governing prohibition of simultaneous membership of either House of Parliament, or either House of Legislature, or of a House of Parliament and a House of the Legislature, as the case may be.

Clause (2) of Article 101 of the Constitution prohibits simultaneous membership of a House of Parliament and a House of the Legislature of a Part A or Part B State. The said Clause provides that if a person is chosen a member both of Parliament and of a House of the Legislature of such a State, then at the expiration of such period as may be specified in rules made by the President, that person's seat in Parliament shall become vacant unless he has previously resigned his seat in the Legislature of the State. It has been laid down in rule 2 of the Prohibition of Simultaneous Membership Rules, 1950, made by the President under the said Clause that aforesaid period shall be *fourteen days* from the date of publication in the *Gazette of India* or in the Official Gazette of the State, whichever is later, of the declaration that the person has been so chosen.

During the present general elections, certain persons who are members of the provisional Parliament functioning under Article 379 (1) of the Constitution have been or are likely to be chosen to fill seats in either House of the Legislature of the Mysore State. Similarly, certain persons who are at present members of the State Legislative Assembly functioning under Article 385 of the Constitution, have been chosen or are likely to be chosen, to fill seats in the House of the People or the Council of States. A sitting member of the provisional Parliament who has been chosen to fill a seat in either House of the Mysore State Legislature will lose his seat in the provisional Parliament after the expiration of *fourteen days* from the date of publication in the *Mysore Gazette* of the declaration that he has been so chosen. Similarly, a sitting member of the existing State Legislative Assembly who has been chosen to fill a seat in the House of the People will lose his seat in the House of the People after the expiration of *fourteen days* from the date of publication in the *Gazette of India* of the declaration that he has been so chosen unless he has previously resigned his seat in the State Legislative Assembly.

Under Article 190 (1) read with Article 238 of the Constitution, no person shall be a member of both Houses of the Legislature of a Part A or Part B State and provision is required to be made by the Legislature of the State by law for the vacation, by a person who is chosen a member of both Houses, of his seat in one House or the other. According to Section 3 of the Mysore Legislature (Prohibition of Simultaneous Membership) Act, 1951, any person who is chosen a member of both the Assembly and the Council and who has not taken his seat in either House may, by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Secretary of each of the Houses or to any person authorised by the Rajpramukh in this behalf, within *ten days* from the date of the publication in the *Mysore Gazette* of the declarations that he has been so chosen or, if such publications have been made on different dates, within *ten days* from the later of such dates, intimate in which of the Houses he wishes to serve, and thereupon, his seat in the House in which he does not wish to serve shall become vacant. In default of such intimation, his